

Q. Find the z-transform of unit impulse sequence $\delta(n)$.

$$f(n) = \delta(n)$$

$$F(z) = \sum_{n=-\infty}^{\infty} f(n) z^{-n}$$

$$= \sum_{n=-\infty}^{\infty} \delta(n) \cdot z^{-n}$$

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Q.

$$1 + x + x^2 + x^3 + \dots = \frac{1}{1-x}$$

$$1 - x + x^2 - x^3 + \dots = \frac{1}{1+x}$$

$$1 + 2x + 3x^2 + 4x^3 + \dots = \frac{1}{(1-x)^2}$$

$$1 - 2x + 3x^2 - 4x^3 + \dots = \frac{1}{(1+x)^2}$$

find z transform of $f(n) = e^{-j\omega n} u(n)$

$$F(z) = \sum_{n=-\infty}^{\infty} f(n) z^{-n}$$

$$F(z) = \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} e^{-j\omega n} u(n) z^{-n}$$

$$= \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} (e^{-j\omega} z^{-1})^n$$

$$= \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} (e^{-j\omega} z^{-1})^n$$

$$\sum_{n=0}^{\infty} (e^{-j\omega} z^{-1})^n$$

$$= (e^{-j\omega} z^{-1})^0 + (e^{-j\omega} z^{-1})^1 + \dots$$

$$(e^{-j\omega} z^{-1})^2 + \dots$$

$$F(z) = \frac{1}{1 - (e^{-j\omega} z^{-1})}$$

$$F(z) = \frac{z}{z - e^{-j\omega}}$$

$$|(e^{-j\omega} z^{-1})| < 1$$

$$|z^{-1}| < 1$$

$$|z| > 1$$

Q. Find the z-transform of $f(n) = \sin \omega_0 n u(n)$

$$F(z) = \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \sin \omega_0 n u(n) z^{-n}$$

$$= \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \sin \omega_0 n z^{-n}$$

$$= \frac{1}{2j} \left[\sum_{n=0}^{\infty} e^{j\omega_0 n} z^{-n} - \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} e^{-j\omega_0 n} z^{-n} \right]$$

$$= \frac{1}{2j} \left[\sum_{n=0}^{\infty} (e^{j\omega_0} z^{-1})^n - \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} (e^{-j\omega_0} z^{-1})^n \right]$$

$$= \frac{1}{2j} \left[\sum_{n=0}^{\infty} e^{j\omega_0 n} z^{-n} - \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} e^{-j\omega_0 n} z^{-n} \right]$$

$$= \frac{1}{2j} \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} (e^{j\omega_0} z^{-1})^n - \frac{1}{2j} \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} (e^{-j\omega_0} z^{-1})^n$$

$$= \frac{1}{2j} \left[(e^{j\omega_0} z^{-1})^0 + (e^{j\omega_0} z^{-1})^1 + \dots \right]$$

$$- \frac{1}{2j} \left[(e^{-j\omega_0} z^{-1})^0 + (e^{-j\omega_0} z^{-1})^1 + \dots \right]$$

$$= \frac{1}{2j} \left[\frac{1}{1 - e^{j\omega_0} z^{-1}} \right] - \frac{1}{2j} \left[\frac{1}{1 - e^{-j\omega_0} z^{-1}} \right]$$

$$= \frac{1}{2j} \left[\frac{z}{z - e^{j\omega_0}} - \frac{z}{z - e^{-j\omega_0}} \right]$$

$$= \frac{z}{2j} \left[\frac{z - e^{-j\omega_0} - z + e^{j\omega_0}}{(z - e^{j\omega_0})(z - e^{-j\omega_0})} \right]$$

~~$$= \frac{1}{2j} \left[\frac{z}{z - e^{j\omega_0}} - \frac{z}{z - e^{-j\omega_0}} \right]$$~~

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~~$$= \frac{z}{2j} \left[\frac{z - e^{-j\omega_0} - z + e^{j\omega_0}}{(z - e^{j\omega_0})(z - e^{-j\omega_0})} \right]$$~~

~~$$= \frac{z}{2j} \left[\frac{e^{j\omega_0} - e^{-j\omega_0}}{z^2 - z(e^{j\omega_0} + e^{-j\omega_0}) + 1} \right]$$~~

~~$$\sin \omega_0 = \frac{e^{j\omega_0} - e^{-j\omega_0}}{2j}$$~~

~~$$= \frac{z}{2j} \left[\frac{\sin \omega_0}{z^2 - z(e^{j\omega_0} + e^{-j\omega_0}) + 1} \right]$$~~

~~$$\left[\frac{1}{z} + \frac{\cos \omega_0}{z^2 - z(e^{j\omega_0} + e^{-j\omega_0}) + 1} \right] \frac{e^{j\omega_0} + e^{-j\omega_0}}{2}$$~~

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$$= \frac{z \sin \omega_0 + z^{-1} \cos \omega_0}{z^2 - 2z \cos \omega_0 + 1}$$

ROC $|z| > 1$

$$= z [F(z) - f(0)]$$

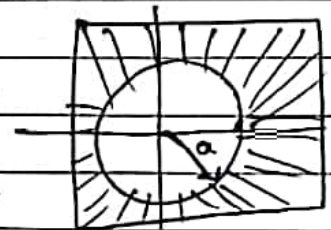
$$y(z) = zF(z) - zf(0)$$

Q. Find the z transform of $f(n) = a^n u(n)$

$$\sum_{n=-\infty}^{\infty} a^n [u(n)] z^{-n}$$

$$\sum_{n=0}^{\infty} (a^n \cdot z^{-n})$$

$$\sum_{n=0}^{\infty} (a \cdot z^{-1})^n$$



$|z| > |a|$

$$= (a \cdot z^{-1})^0 + (a \cdot z^{-1})^1 + (a \cdot z^{-1})^2 + \dots$$

$$= \frac{1}{1 - a \cdot z^{-1}} = \frac{z}{z - a}$$

→ This is a geometric series of infinite length & converges if $|a \cdot z^{-1}| < 1$ i.e., $|z| > |a|$

$$a^n u(n) \xrightarrow{z} \frac{z}{z - a}$$

$$|a| \text{ ROC } |z| > |a|$$

Q. $-a^n u(-n-1)$

$$-\sum_{n=-\infty}^{\infty} a^n u(-n-1) z^{-n}$$

$$= - \sum_{n=-\infty}^{-1} a^n (z^{-1})^n$$

~~$$= - \sum_{n=-\infty}^{-1} (a^{-1} z)^{-n}$$~~

~~$$= - \sum_{n=-\infty}^{-1} (a^{-1} z)^{-n}$$~~

$$= - \sum_{n=-\infty}^{-1} (a^{-1} z)^{-n}$$

$$= - \sum_{n=-\infty}^{-1} (a^{-1} z)^{-n}$$

$$= - \left[(a^{-1} z)^1 + (a^{-1} z)^2 + \dots \right]$$

$$= - \left[\frac{a^{-1} z \cdot 1}{1 - a^{-1} z} - 1 \right]$$

if $|a| < |z| < |a|^{-1}$ then $|a^{-1} z| < 1$

ROC $|a^{-1} z| < 1$

$|z| < |a|$

$-a^n \cdot u(-n-1) \xrightarrow{z} \dots$

ROC $|z| < |a|$